

# Mergers and Ejections of Black Holes in Globular Clusters

Sverre Aarseth

Institute of Astronomy, Cambridge

N-Body Simulations

Subsystem Treatment

Post-Newtonian Terms

Full Simulations

Recent Results

Collabs: Seppo Mikkola & Keigo Nitadori

# Hermite Integration

Taylor series for  $\mathbf{F}$  and  $\mathbf{F}^{(1)}$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{F}_0 + \mathbf{F}_0^{(1)} t + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{F}_0^{(2)} t^2 + \frac{1}{6} \mathbf{F}_0^{(3)} t^3$$

$$\mathbf{F}^{(1)} = \mathbf{F}_0^{(1)} + \mathbf{F}_0^{(2)} t + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{F}_0^{(3)} t^2$$

Prediction

$$\mathbf{r}_j = \left( \left( \frac{1}{6} \mathbf{F}_0^{(1)} \delta t'_j + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{F}_0 \right) \delta t'_j + \mathbf{v}_0 \right) \delta t'_j + \mathbf{r}_0$$

$$\mathbf{v}_j = \left( \left( \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{F}_0^{(1)} \delta t'_j + \mathbf{F}_0 \right) \delta t'_j + \mathbf{v}_0 \right); \quad \delta t'_j = t - t_0$$

New forces  $\mathbf{F}, \mathbf{F}^{(1)}$

Higher derivatives

$$\mathbf{F}_0^{(3)} = (2(\mathbf{F}_0 - \mathbf{F}) + (\mathbf{F}_0^{(1)} + \mathbf{F}^{(1)}) t) \frac{6}{t^3}$$

$$\mathbf{F}_0^{(2)} = (-3(\mathbf{F}_0 - \mathbf{F}) - (2\mathbf{F}_0^{(1)} + \mathbf{F}^{(1)}) t) \frac{2}{t^2}$$

Corrector for  $i$

$$\Delta \mathbf{r}_i = \frac{1}{24} \mathbf{F}_0^{(2)} \Delta t^4 + \frac{1}{120} \mathbf{F}_0^{(3)} \Delta t^5$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{v}_i = \frac{1}{6} \mathbf{F}_0^{(2)} \Delta t^3 + \frac{1}{24} \mathbf{F}_0^{(3)} \Delta t^4$$

# Neighbour Scheme

Total force 
$$\mathbf{F}(t) = \sum_{j=1}^n \mathbf{F}_j + \mathbf{F}_d(t)$$

Prediction

$$\mathbf{F}(t) = \mathbf{F}_n + \dot{\mathbf{F}}_d(t - t_0) + \mathbf{F}_d(t_0)$$

$$\dot{\mathbf{F}} = \dot{\mathbf{F}}_n + \dot{\mathbf{F}}_d$$

Time-scales

$$\Delta t_n \ll \Delta t_d, \quad n \ll N$$

Neighbour sphere 
$$R_s^{\text{new}} = R_s^{\text{old}} \left( \frac{n_p}{n} \right)^{1/3}$$

Neighbour selection 
$$|\mathbf{r}_i - \mathbf{r}_j| < R_s$$

Derivative corrections 
$$\mathbf{F}_{ij}^{(2)}, \mathbf{F}_{ij}^{(3)}$$

# Stellar Evolution

Stellar HR types	$K^* = 0, \dots, 15$
Fast look-up (Pop I & II)	$r^*(t), m_c(t), L^*(t), K^*(t)$
Wind mass loss	$\dot{m} = -2 \times 10^{-13} r^* L^*/m$
Single stars	$\Delta m/m > 1\%$ , new $r^*$
Updating times	$T_{\text{ev}} = t + \min(\Delta t_{\text{ev}}, \Delta t_{\text{rem}})$
Stellar rotation	$\Delta J_{\text{spin}} = 2\Delta m r^2 \Omega_{\text{rot}}/3$
White dwarfs	cooling curves, $\Delta t_{\text{ev}} = 10^6 \text{ yr}$
Supernova outburst	$m_c > m_{\text{chandra}} \Rightarrow \text{SN}$
NS velocity kick	$v \gg v_\infty \sim 2 \text{ km/s}$
Binary mass loss	$ma = \text{const}$
Synthetic HR diagram	binaries and single stars
Energy conservation	$\Delta E = \Delta m \left( \frac{1}{2} v^2 + \Phi \right)$

# BH Slingshot

Initial conditions       $N = 100\,000$ , Kroupa IMF in  $0.1\text{--}30 M_{\odot}$   
Plummer & tides,  $R_h = 3.0$  pc,  $\bar{V} = 7$  km/s

Model 2,  $t = 3.6$  Gyr

Binary:  $m_1 = 24$ ,  $m_2 = 14 M_{\odot}$ ,  $a = 20$  AU,  $v_{\infty} = 19$  km/s

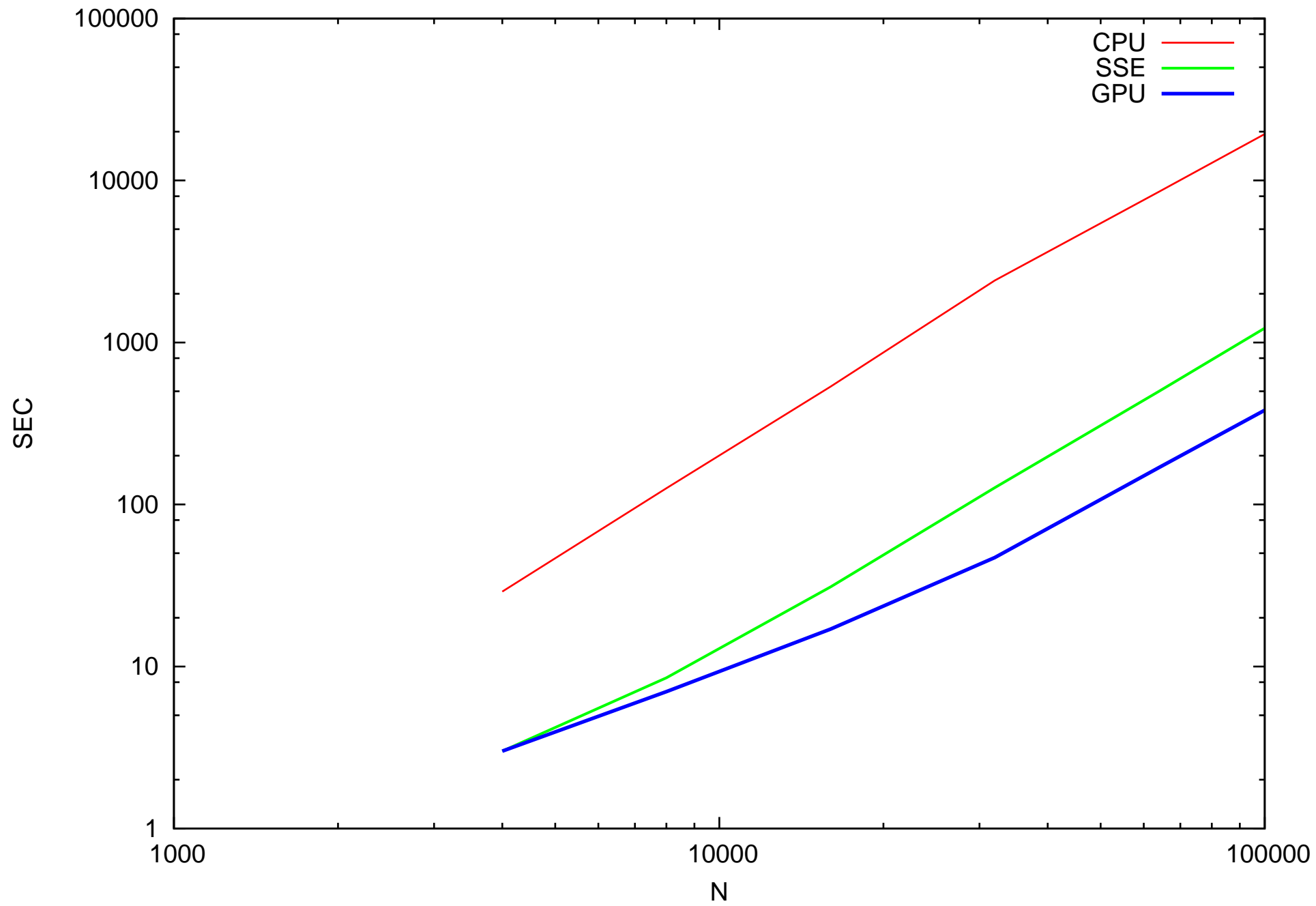
Single:  $m_3 = 12 M_{\odot}$ ,  $v_{\infty} = 69$  km/s

=====

Model 4,  $t = 800$  Myr

Binary:  $m_1 = 24$ ,  $m_2 = 24 M_{\odot}$ ,  $a = 22$  AU,  $v_{\infty} = 23$  km/s

Single:  $m_3 = 10 M_{\odot}$ ,  $v_{\infty} = 127$  km/s



# Compact Systems

Selection procedure	$B + S, \quad a < R_{cl}$
Initialization	c.m. & internal chain
Boundaries	subsystem & perturbers
Membership updating	ejection or absorption
Differential corrections	c.m. chain force
Strategy	small subsystem
Implementation	ARW-chain + NBODY6

**NBODY7**

# Post-Newtonian Terms

Equation of motion  $\frac{d^2\mathbf{r}}{dt^2} = \frac{M}{r^2} \left[ (-1 + A) \frac{\mathbf{r}}{r} + B\mathbf{v} \right]$

GR perturbation

$$\mathbf{P}_{\text{GR}} = \frac{m_1 m_2}{c^2 r^2} \left[ \left( A_1 + \frac{A_2}{c^2} + \frac{A_{5/2}}{c^3} \right) \frac{\mathbf{r}}{r} + \left( B_1 + \frac{B_2}{c^2} + \frac{B_{5/2}}{c^3} \right) \mathbf{v} \right]$$

First-order precession  $M = m_1 + m_2, \quad \eta = \frac{m_1 m_2}{M^2}$

$$A_1 = 2(2 + \eta) \frac{M}{r} - (1 + 3\eta)v^2 + \frac{3}{2}\eta\dot{r}^2$$
$$B_1 = 2(2 - \eta)\dot{r}$$

Gravitational radiation

$$A_{5/2} = \frac{8}{5}\eta \frac{M}{r} \dot{r} \left( \frac{17M}{3r} + 3v^2 \right)$$

$$B_{5/2} = -\frac{8}{5}\eta \frac{M}{r} \left( 3\frac{M}{r} + v^2 \right)$$

Gradual GR effects  $t_{\text{GR}} < 500, 50, 1, \quad \text{PN} = 1, 2, 3$

Energy check  $E_{\text{tot}} - \int \mathbf{P}_{\text{GR}} \cdot \mathbf{v} dt = \text{const}$

Coalescence  $R < \frac{8M}{c^2}, \quad c = \frac{3 \times 10^5}{V^*}$



# PN Elements

Energy  $\epsilon_b = \epsilon_0 + \frac{\epsilon_1}{c^2} + \frac{\epsilon_2}{c^4} + \frac{\epsilon_3}{c^6}, \quad a = -\frac{M}{2\epsilon_b}$

$$\epsilon_0 = \frac{1}{2}V^2 - \frac{M}{R}, \quad \eta = \frac{m_1 m_2}{M^2}$$

$$\epsilon_1 = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{M}{R} \right)^2 + \frac{3}{8} (1 - 3\eta) V^4 + \frac{1}{2} \left( (3 + \eta) V^2 + \eta \dot{R}^2 \right) \frac{M}{R}$$

Lenz vector  $\mathbf{e} = \mathbf{V} \times \mathbf{R} \times \mathbf{V} / M - \mathbf{R} / R$

Periapse advance  $\Delta\omega = \frac{6\pi M}{c^2 a (1 - e^2)}$

PN2.5  $\tau_{GR} = \frac{5g(e)}{64} \frac{a^4 c^5}{X(1 + X)m_1^3}, \quad X = \frac{m_2}{m_1}$

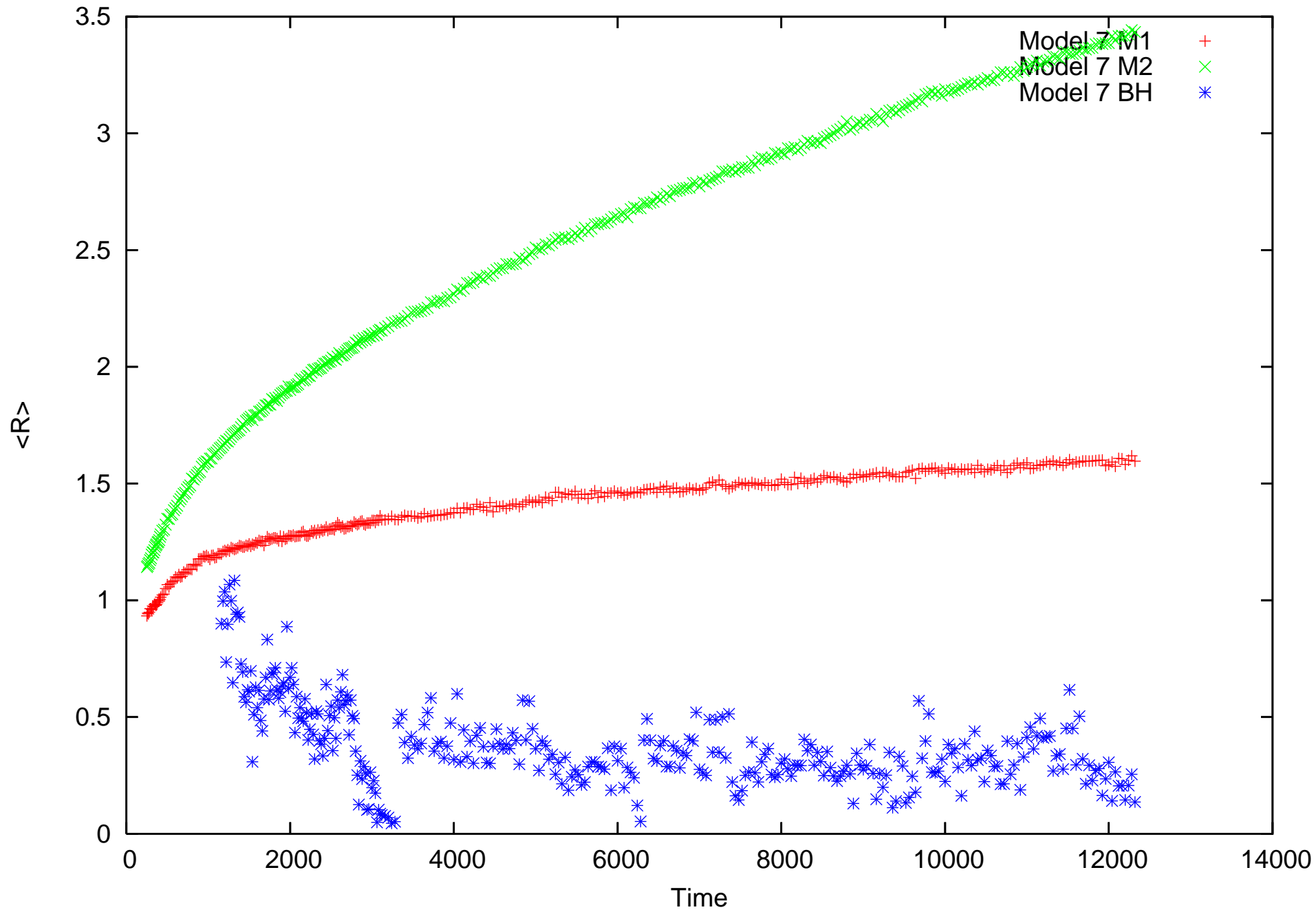
$$g(e) \simeq \frac{(1 - e^2)^{7/2}}{4.5}$$

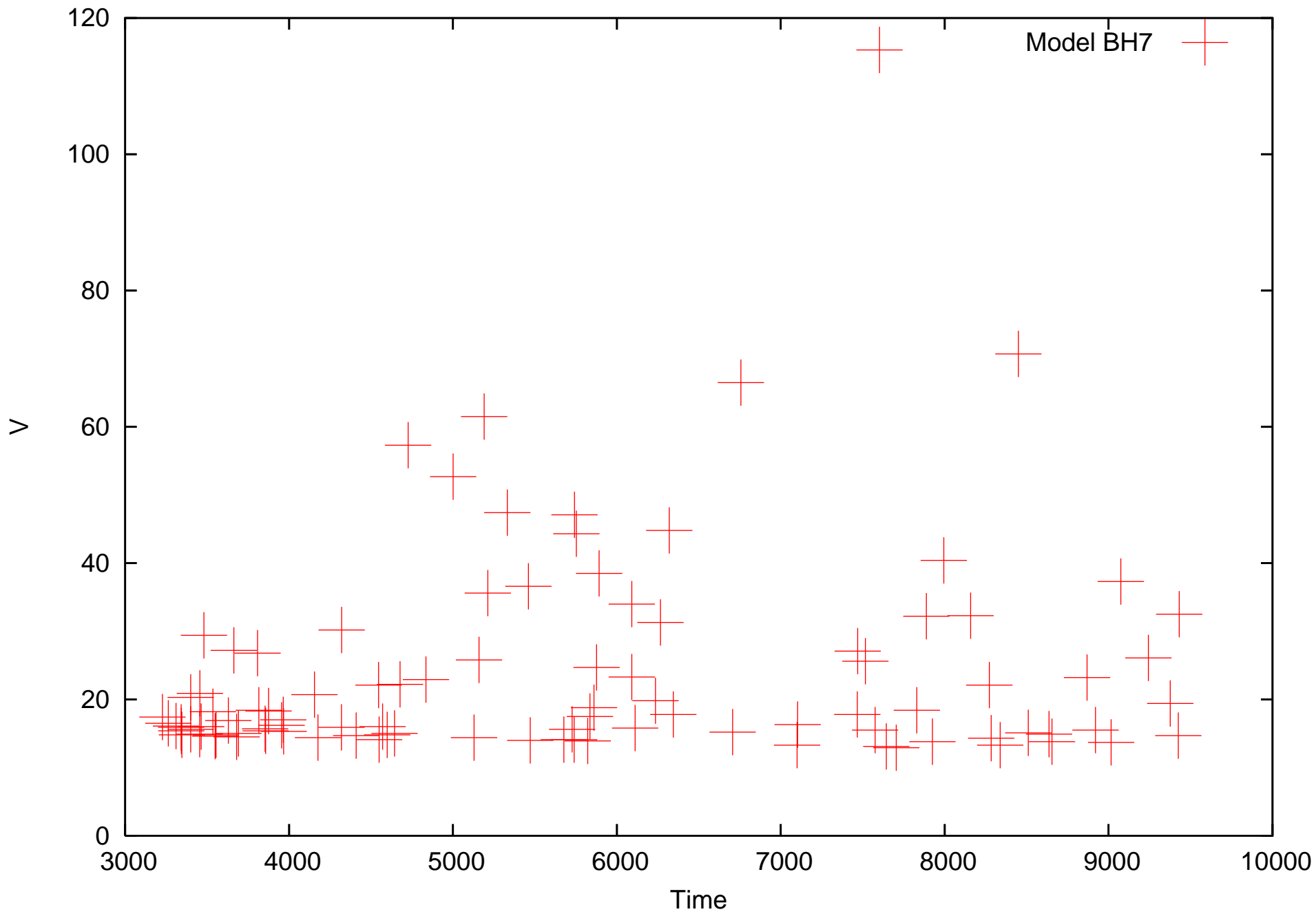
Angular momentum  $\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{J}_0 (1 + f_1/c^2 + f_2/c^4)$

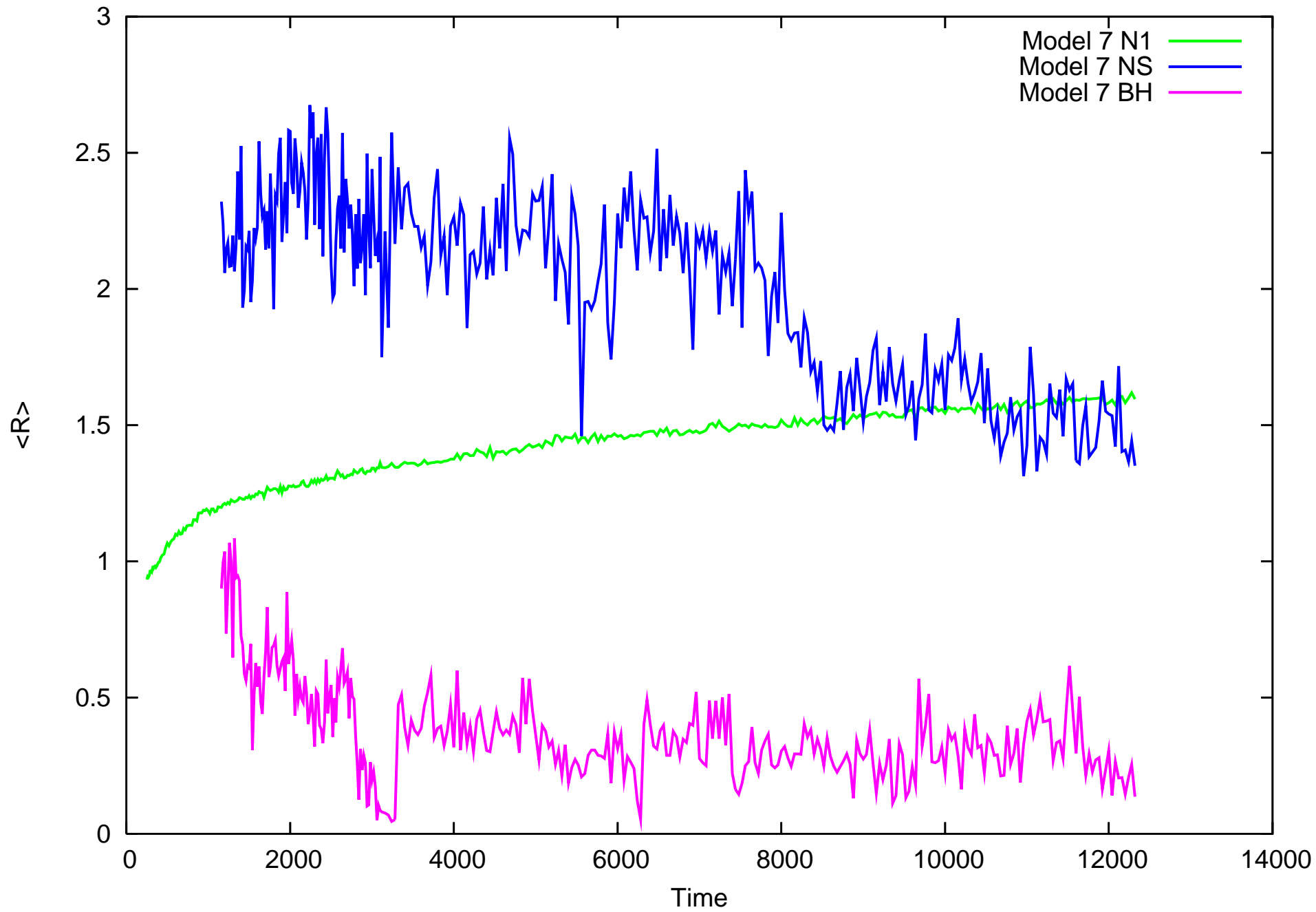
Eccentricity  $e^2 = \left( 1 - \frac{\mathbf{J}^2}{Ma} \right)$

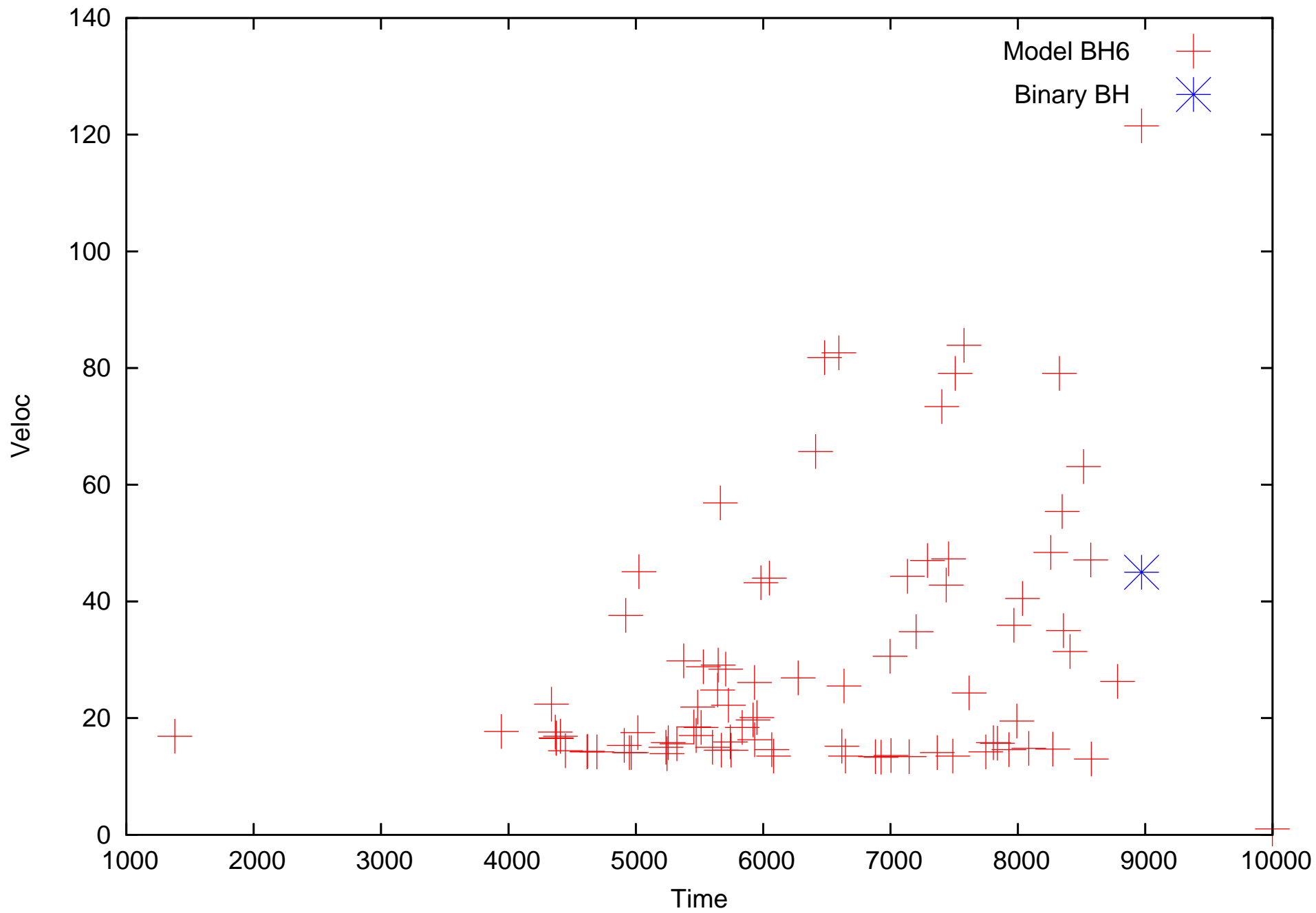
## Full Simulations

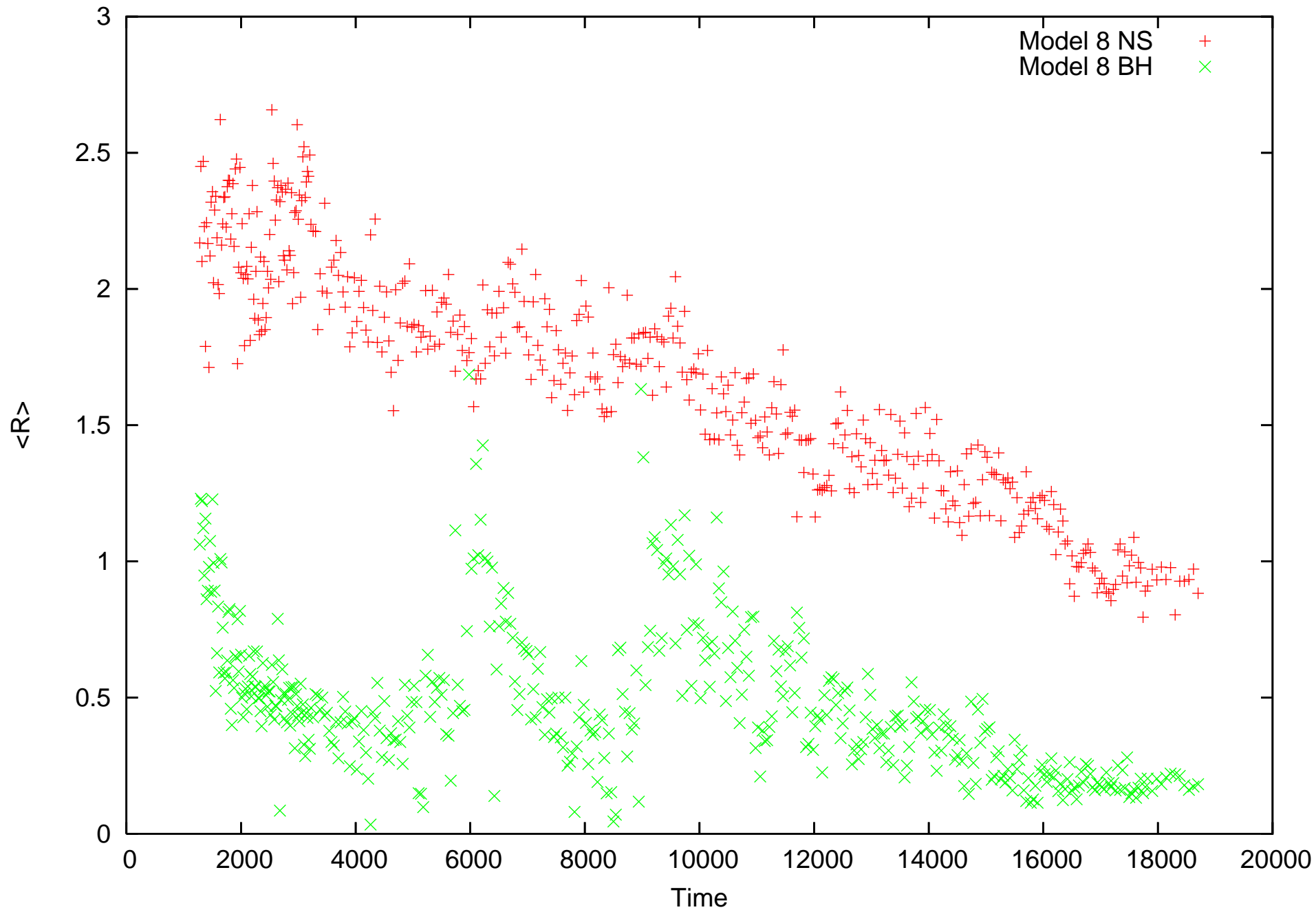
Initial conditions	$N = 100\,000$ , Kroupa IMF in $0.1\text{--}50 M_{\odot}$ Plummer & tides, $R_h = 1.0$ pc, $V^* = 16$ km/s
Stellar evolution	BH/NS formation above $20/8 M_{\odot}$ , # 150/680
Velocity kicks	Maxwellian $\sigma = 2V^*$ , $v_{\infty} \simeq (1-2)V^*$
N-body units	$G = 1$ , $\bar{m} = 1/N$ , $E = -\frac{1}{4}$ , $\Rightarrow \bar{v}^2 = \frac{1}{2}$ , $R_h \simeq 1$
Hard binary	$\frac{m^2}{2a} \simeq \frac{1}{2}\bar{m}\bar{v}^2$ , $\Rightarrow a_{\text{hard}} \simeq 2/N$
Hard limit	$-\frac{m^2}{2a} = E$ , $\Rightarrow a_0 = 2/N^2$ , or $2 \times 10^{-10}$ here
Dynamics	$m_{\text{bh}} \simeq 20 M_{\odot}$ , $E_b = 0.01E$ , $\Rightarrow a \simeq 2 \times 10^{-5}$
Relativity	$R_{\text{coal}} = \frac{8(m_1 + m_2)}{c^2}$ , $c = \frac{3 \times 10^5}{V^*}$ , $\Rightarrow R_{\text{coal}} \simeq 2 \times 10^{-11}$
PN condition	$a(1 - e) \simeq 1 \times 10^3 R_{\text{coal}}$ , $\Rightarrow e > 0.999$
Models	$c = 18\,000$ , $R_{\text{coal}} \simeq 1 \times 10^{-11}$ , $\tau_{\text{GR}} < 500 \simeq 30$ Myr
Time-scale	$a = 2 \times 10^{-5}$ , $e = 0.999$ , $m = 20 M_{\odot}$ , $\Rightarrow \tau_{\text{GR}} \simeq 2$ Myr

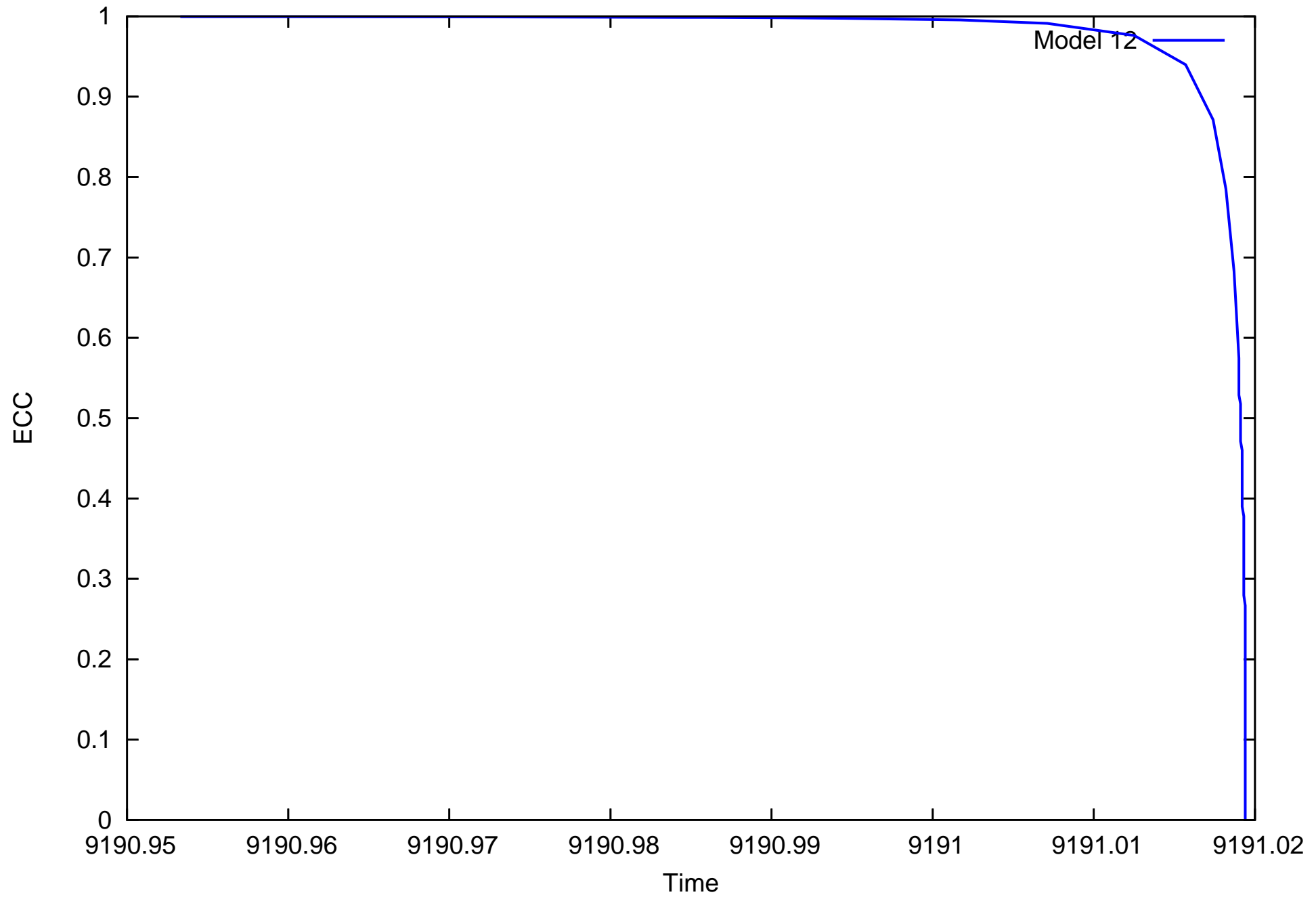




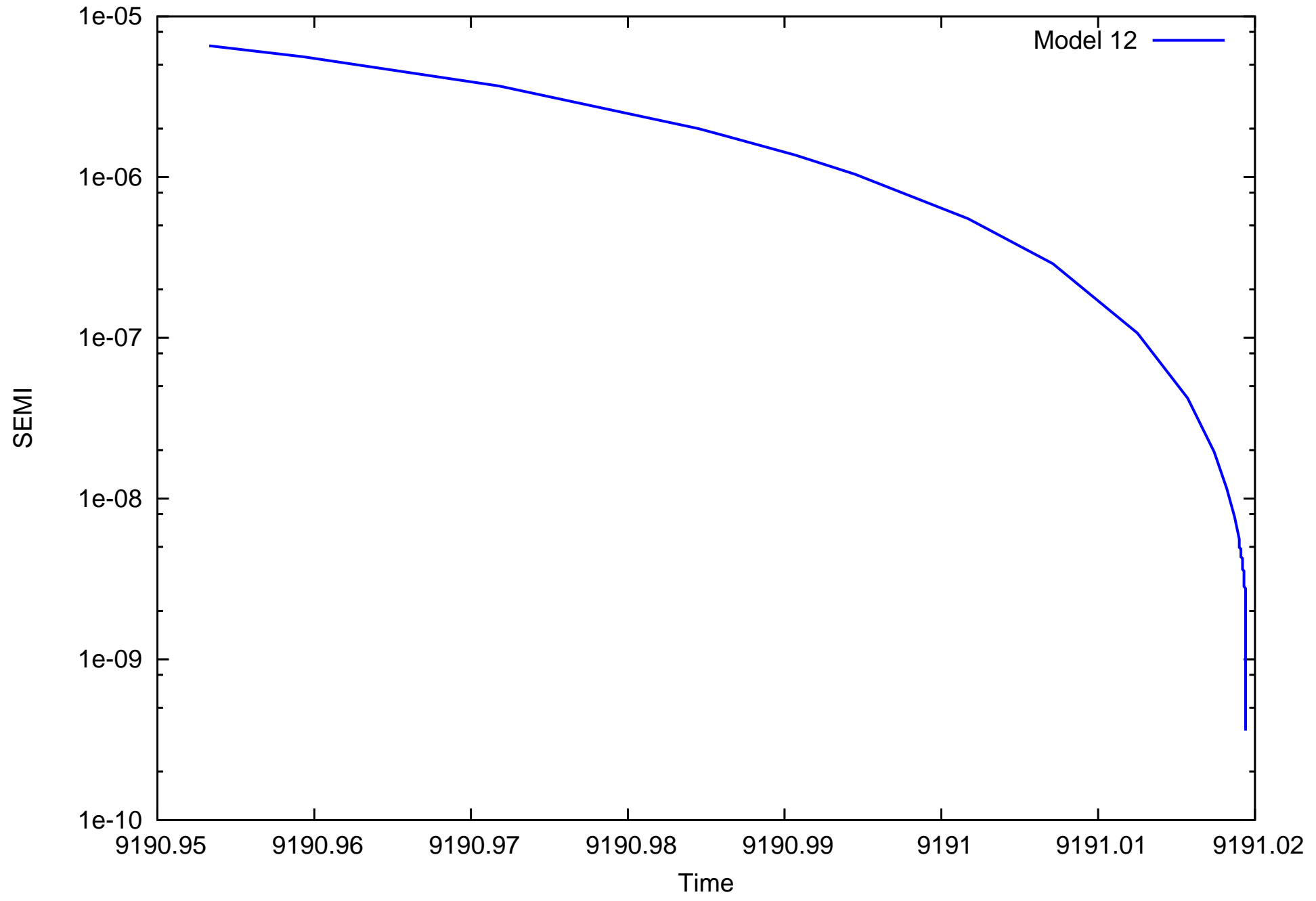


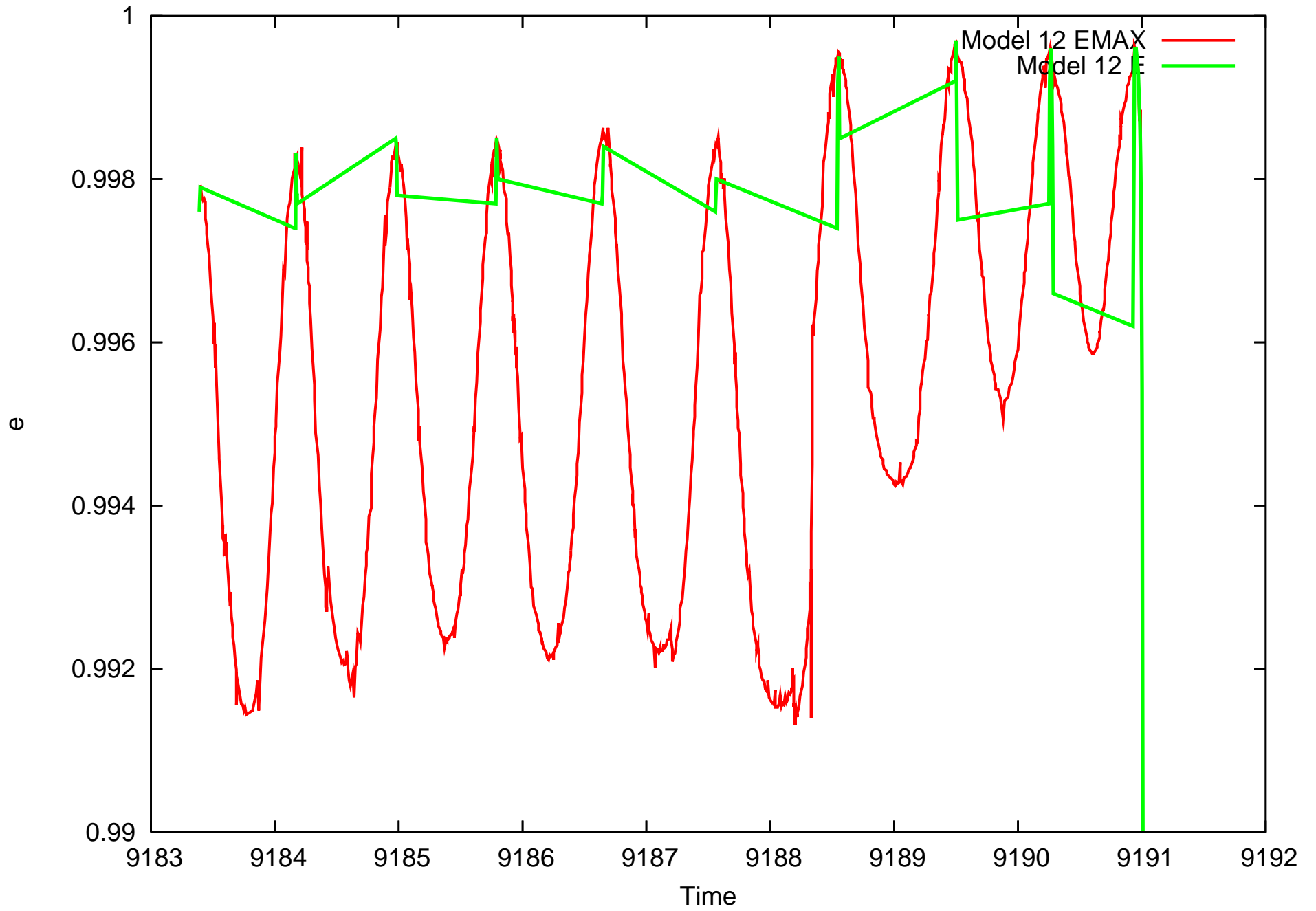


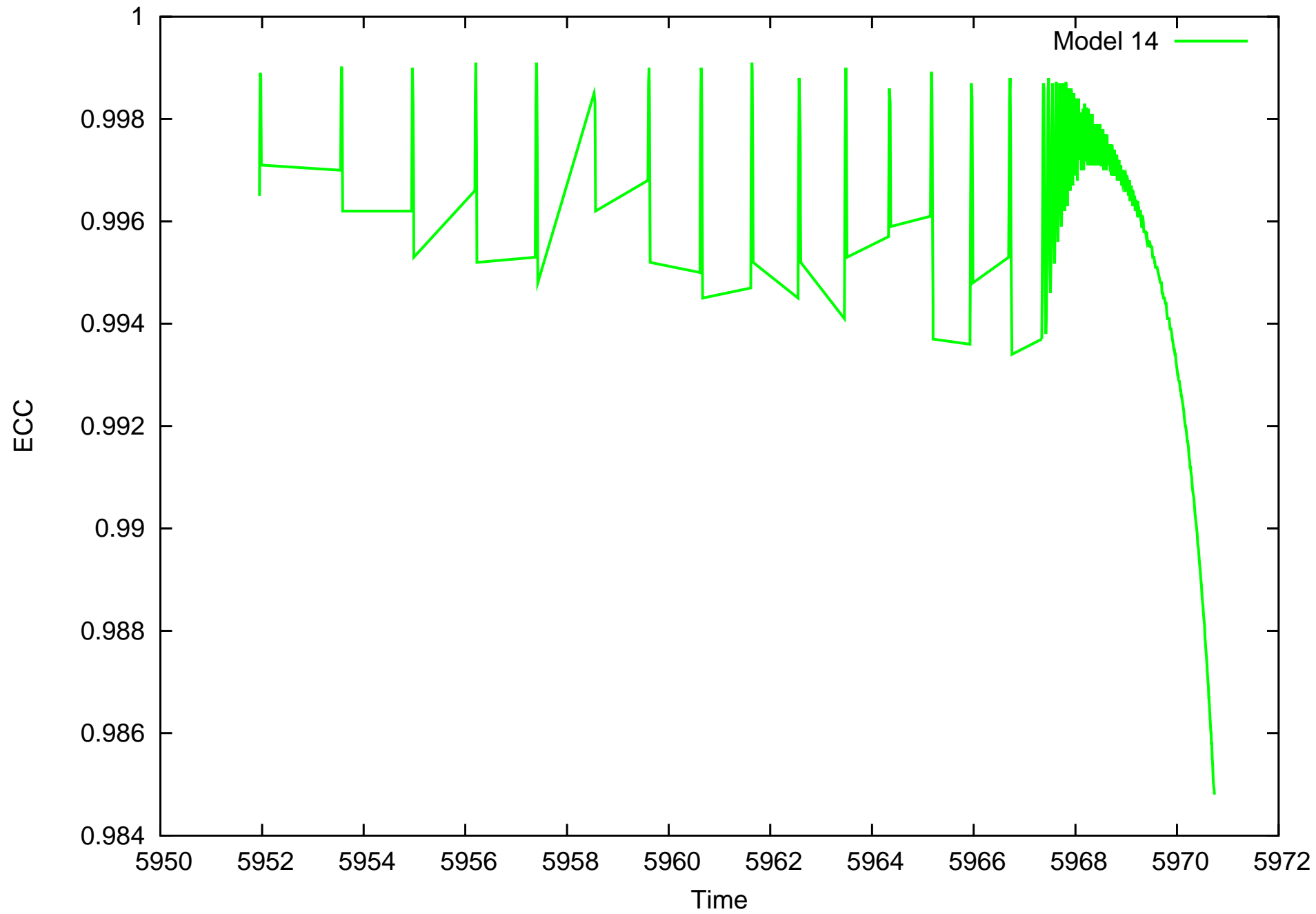


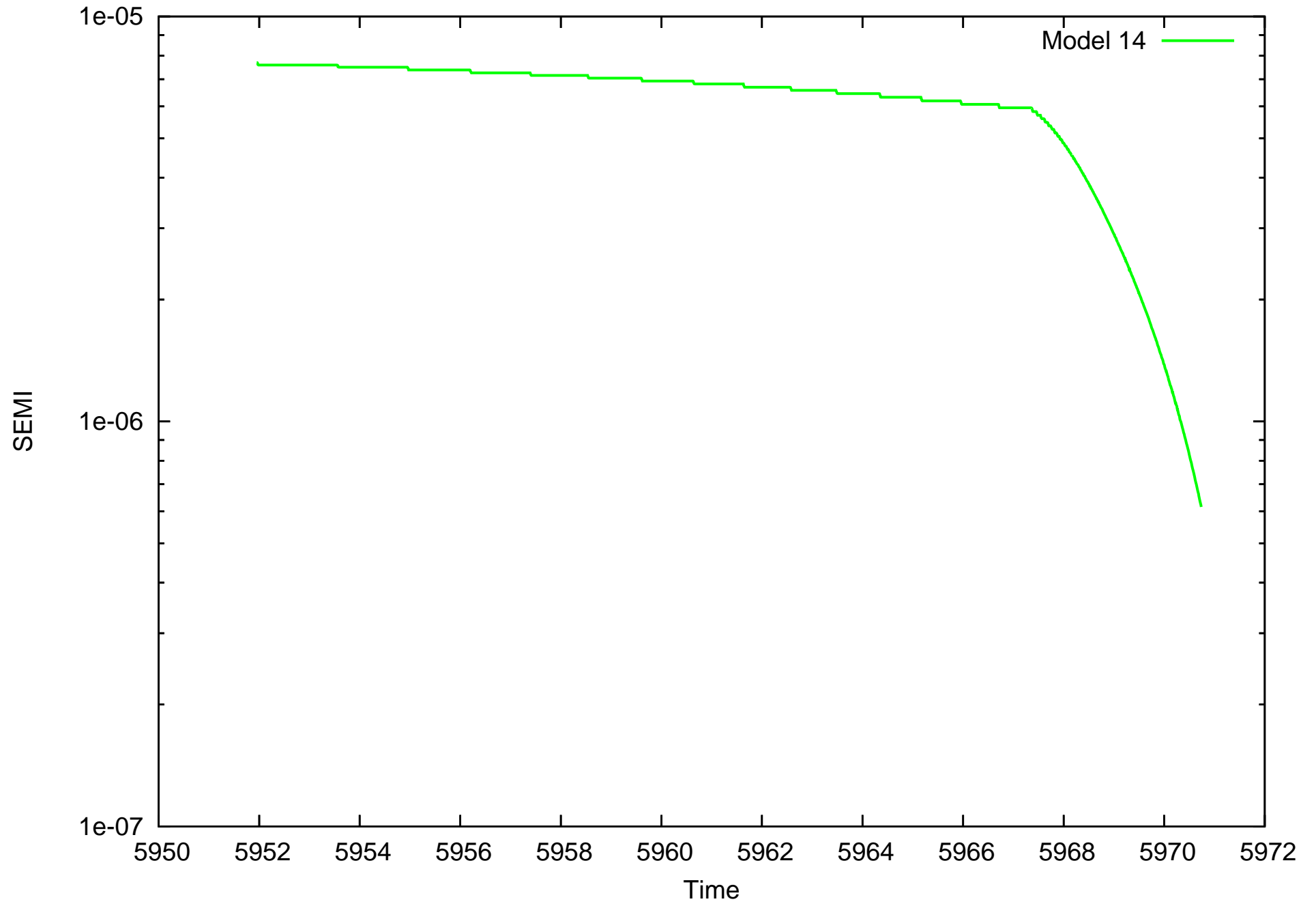












# Key Stages Model BH12

BH binary  $t = 465$ ,  $N_{\text{bh}} = 9$ ,  $a = 7 \times 10^{-5}$

Subsystem  $t = 533$ ,  $a = 2 \times 10^{-5}$ ,  $R_S = 2 \times 10^{-1}$

Kozai cycles  $t = 552$ ,  $i = 98$ ,  $T_{\text{koz}} = 0.1 \text{ Myr}$

Eccentricity  $t = 552$ ,  $a = 1 \times 10^{-5}$ ,  $e = 0.997$

Kozai cycles  $t = 553$ ,  $e_{\text{max}} = 0.9996$ ,  $e = 0.9996$

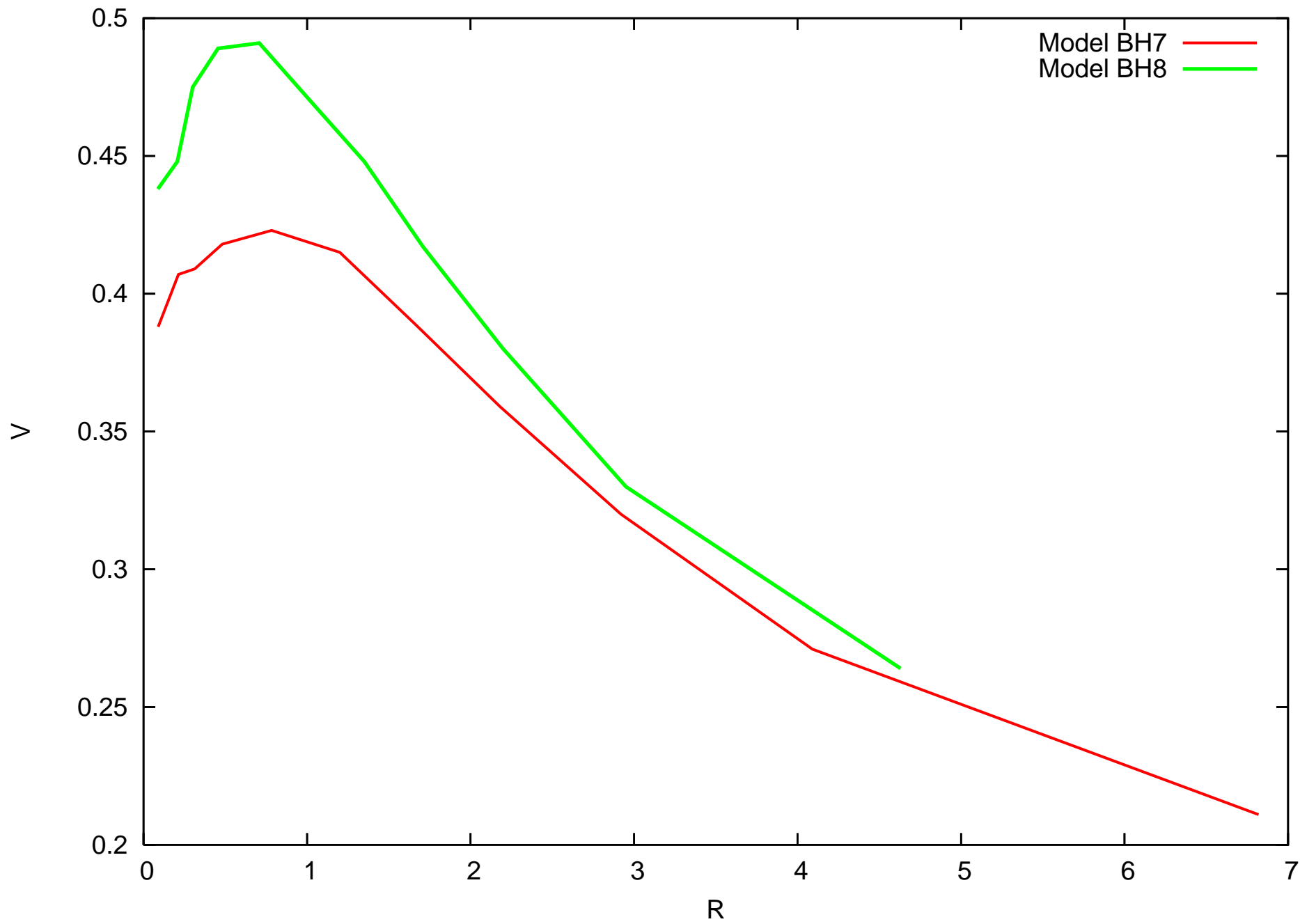
Coalescence  $t = 554$ ,  $a = 1 \times 10^{-11}$ ,  $e < 0.03$

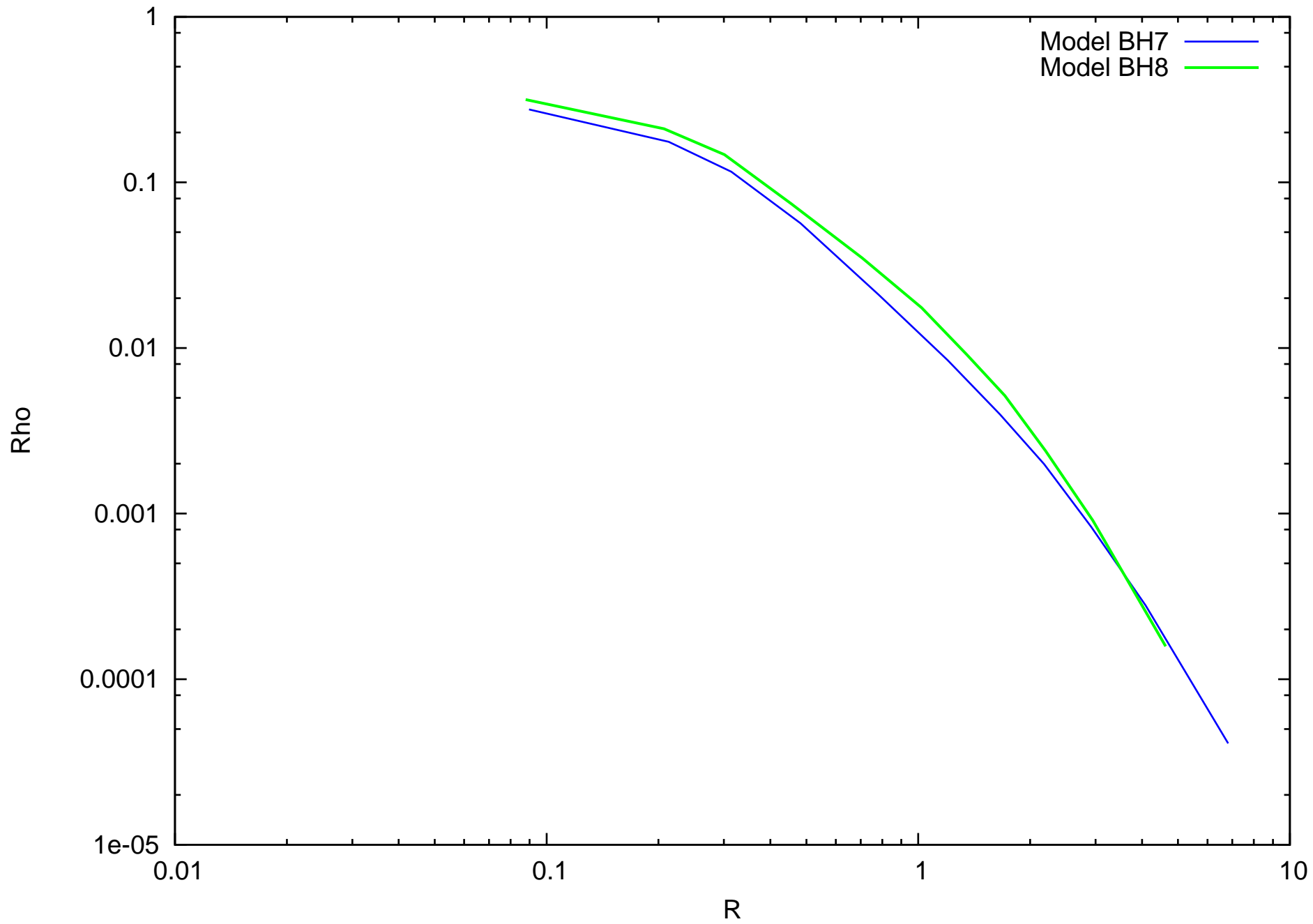
Eccentricity  $t = 564$ ,  $a = 3 \times 10^{-4}$ ,  $e = 0.9999$

Shrinkage  $t = 638$ ,  $a = 3 \times 10^{-5}$ ,  $e = 0.67$

Subsystem  $t = 718$ ,  $a = 2 \times 10^{-5}$ ,  $e = 0.999$ ,  $R = 10^{-3}$

Coalescence  $t = 720$ ,  $a = 4 \times 10^{-8}$ , unperturbed





# No BH Velocity Kicks

Current epoch	$t = 5 \times 10^4, \quad T_{\text{phys}} = 3.0 \text{ Gyr}$
Initial BH populations	$N_{\text{bh}} = 147$
Latest BH population	$N_{\text{bh}} = 39$
BH binary escapers	$N_{B_{\text{esc}}} = 11$
GR coalescence	$N_{\text{coal}} = 1$
Standard binaries	$N_{\text{bin}} = 10$
Stellar escapers	$N_{\text{esc}}^* = 17,000$
Accumulated error	$\sum \Delta E_i = -2 \times 10^{-5}$